The following Listing of the Claims will replace all prior versions and all prior listings of the claims in the present application.

Listing of the Claims

- 1. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid molecule which is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) <u>a nucleic acid molecules which encodes</u> a polypeptide which contains the amino acid sequence disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 2;
 - b) a nucleic acid molecules which contains the sequence depicted by SEQ ID NO: 1;
 - c) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules whose complementary strand hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule from a) or b) under stringent conditions and which encodes a polypeptide which exhibits the biological function of a photoprotein;
 - d) <u>a nucleic acid molecules which differs</u> from the nucleic acid molecules <u>of</u> mentioned under c) due to the degeneracy of the genetic code;
 - e) <u>a nucleic acid molecules which exhibits</u> a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 1 of at least 95% and encodes a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein; and
 - f) <u>a nucleic acid molecules which exhibits</u> a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 1 of at least 65% and encodes a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein.
- 2. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid molecule which is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules which encodes a polypeptide which contains the amino acid sequence disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 3;
 - b) a nucleic acid molecules which contains the sequence depicted by SEQ ID NO: 4;

- c) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules whose complementary strand hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule from a) or b) under stringent conditions and which encodes a peptide which exhibits the biological function of a signal or leader peptide;
- d) <u>a nucleic acid molecules which differs</u> from the nucleic acid molecules mentioned under c) due to the degeneracy of the genetic code;
- e) <u>a nucleic acid molecules which exhibits</u> a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 4 of at least 90% and encodes a peptide which has the biological function of a signal or leader peptide; and
- f) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules which exhibits a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 4 of at least 60% and encodes a peptide which has the biological function of a signal or leader peptide.
- 3. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid molecule which is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules which encodes a polypeptide which contains the amino acid sequence disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 6;
 - b) a nucleic acid molecules which contains the sequence depicted by SEQ ID NO: 5;
 - c) <u>a nucleic</u> acid molecules whose complementary strand hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule from a) or b) under stringent conditions and which encodes a polypeptide which exhibits the biological function of a photoprotein;
 - d) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules which differs from the nucleic acid molecules mentioned under c) due to the degeneracy of the genetic code;
 - e) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 5 of at least 95% and encodes a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein; and

- f) <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecules which exhibits a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 5 of at least 80% and encodes a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein.
- 4. (Currently amended) A The nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1, which contains a functional promoter 5' to the its coding sequence.
- 5. (Currently amended) A recombinant DNA or RNA vector which contains the [[a]] nucleic acid as claimed in claim 4.
- 6. (Currently amended) An organism which harbors a the vector as claimed in claim 5.
- 7. (Currently amended) An <u>isolated</u> oligonucleotide having more than 10 consecutive nucleotides which is identical or complementary to a constituent sequence of a <u>the</u> nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
- 8. (Currently amended) An <u>isolated polypeptide</u> which is encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1.
- 9. (Currently amended) A method for expressing the polypeptide as claimed in claim 8 in bacteria, <u>a</u> viral systems, yeasts or <u>a</u> eukaryotic cells or in <u>an</u> in-vitro expression systems <u>by expressing said polypeptide</u>.
- 10. (Cancel)
- 11. (Currently amended) A An <u>isolated</u> peptide having more than 5 consecutive amino acids which is recognized immunologically by antibodies directed against the photoprotein mtClytin.
- 12. (Currently amended) A An <u>isolated</u> peptide having more than 5 consecutive amino acids which is recognized immunologically by antibodies directed against the photoprotein clytin-2.
- 13. (Currently amended) A An <u>isolated</u> peptide having more than 5 consecutive amino acids which is recognized immunologically by antibodies directed against the signal or leader peptide disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 3.

- 14. (Original) The use of a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1 as a marker gene or reporter gene.
- 15. (Original) The use of a photoprotein as claimed in claim 8 as a label or reporter.
- 16. (Original) The use of a nucleic acid which contains the sequence depicted as SEQ ID NO: 4 as a signal or leader sequence.
- 17. (Original) The use of a peptide which contains the sequence depicted as SEQ ID NO: 3 as a signal or leader peptide.
- 18. (Original) The use as claimed in claim 16 or 17 for transporting a protein which is fused to the signal or leader peptide into cell organelles.
- 19. (Original) The use as claimed in claim 18, wherein the cell organelles are mitochondria or the endoplasmic reticulum (ER).
- 20. (Original) The use of the polypeptides as claimed in claim 8 as reporter proteins in searching for pharmacological active compounds.
- 21. (Currently amended) The use of the nucleic acids as claimed in claim 1 as <u>a</u> reporter genes in searching for pharmacologically active compounds.